SALES AND RESULTS 1st Half 2017

26th July 2017







nhow





Madrid, 26 July 2017

H1 2017 Main Financial Aspects

- Solid revenue growth of +6.9% (+6.7% at constant exchange rates) reaching €764m (+€49m) in the first six months. Hotel revenue grew +7.4% excluding other non-hotel revenue, which declined because of the lower level of investment.
 - In the Like for Like ("LFL") perimeter, excluding refurbishments, revenue grew +5.9%.
 - Excellent performance in Benelux (+14.7%) and Spain (+12.5%), while comparison for Germany is affected by the 2016 trade fair calendar and the refurbishment of three hotels.
 - Above-market relative RevPar growth of +3.8 p.p. in top cities as a result of greater relative growth of ADR (+2.1p.p) and occupancy (+1.6 p.p.), supported by the perceived quality improvement.
 - Q2: Revenue was up +5.4% to €436m (+€22m). Excluding non-hotel revenue, growth was +6.3%. There was a lower contribution from Central Europe (Germany) because of the calendar change of the Easter Week, Q2 2016 trade fairs calendar (strongest quarter) and hotel refurbishments in Q2 2017.
- Increase in RevPar of +10.7% for the first six months following a combined growth strategy of ADR (+6.1%, +€5.5) and Occupancy (+4.3%), taking advantage of the higher demand in Benelux (+7.8%) and Spain (+5.8%). In the first half, growth in prices contributed with 60% of the increase in RevPar. There has been growth in all markets, with Spain, Benelux and Italy with double digits.
 - Q2: RevPar growth of +9.6%, with a 70% contribution from prices (ADR +6.6%). Growth in all markets except Central Europe, because of comparison against the strongest trade fair quarter of 2016 in Germany (RevPar Q2 2016 +12.7%) and the mentioned Eastern calendar change. Three markets have recorded growth with double digits: Benelux, Spain and Italy, the latter two supported by the good performance of second-tier cities. The increase in occupancy for the Group in Q2 has been +2.8%.
- Revenue growth together with cost control allowed to end the first half of the year with an improvement in recurring EBITDA of +41% reaching €103m, which represents an increase of +€30m and a conversion rate of 61% from incremental revenues to EBITDA, despite the higher occupancy level (+4.3%) and reaching a margin of 13.5% (+3.3 p.p.).
 - Q2: EBITDA grew +18.7%, an increase of +€14m despite the tough comparison in Germany with the trade fair calendar and the effect from Eastern week. Even with the higher occupancy level (+2.8%) the conversion rate reached 65% in the second quarter.
- Positive Recurring Net Income of €8.7m, which implies an improvement of +€14.1m compared to the first six months of 2016 (-€5.5m). This is the first positive Recurring Net Income in H1 since 2008.
- ➤ Total net income reached €7.6m, entirely explained by the business improvement, and just -€2.1m less than in the first half of 2016, which benefitted from €15m of non-recurring activity (asset rotation) that are expected to be obtained at least the same level in H2 trough asset rotation tractions.
- Reduction in net financial debt to €726m (€747m at 31st December 2016), due to the favourable cash generation in the period, which together with the asset rotation have more than offset the capex investment, last payment for 2015 Hoteles Royal acquisition and the first instalment of the new management contract with Hesperia.
- Refinancing in Q2 2017: Tap of €115m of the HY 2023 issued with a yield to maturity of 3.17% to repay, together with cash, €150m of the HY 2019 (6.875% coupon), with the aim of:
 - Lowering the average cost of debt to 4.2%
 - Reducing total debt levels and extending average life to 4.4 years
 - Estimated savings of €6.0m on an annual basis









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Dividend approval: The gross dividend approved by the AGM in June, regarding 2016 fiscal year, equivalent to €0.05 per outstanding share will be paid on 27th July, representing a disbursement of €17.1m.

Financial Targets

- On the basis of the results for the first half of the year, the Group is well on track to exceed its current 2017 guidance.
- The new Strategic Plan will be presented to the market during an "Investor Day" to be held on the 28th of September in Madrid, where the 2017 targets will be updated and the new financial objectives for 2018-2019 will be outlined.

Other Highlights

Repositioning Plan:

Since the start of the plan through June 2017 refurbishment has taken place at 61 hotels. The compound annual RevPar growth rate for hotels repositioned in 2015 and 2016, with more than 6 months of post-refurbishment operation, during the first semester of 2017 compared with the same period prior to the refurbishment is +13.2%. The hotels included in the sample are: NH Madrid Atocha, NH Madrid Nacional, NH Madrid Ventas, NH Collection Hamburg City, NH Collection Brussels Centre, NH Utrecht, NH Milano Congress Centre, NH Genova Centro, NH Collection Colón, NH Collection Pódium, NH Erlangen, NH Collection Köln Mediapark, NH Collection Barbizon Palace, NH Schiphol Airport, NH Collection Barbizon Palace and the NH Schiphol Airport.

▶ Brand: NHH had 380 hotels and 58.798 rooms at 30th of June 2017, of which 68 hotels and 10,483 rooms belong to NH Collection brand, indicating the price potential (+43% premium; ADR NH Collection €130 vs ADR NH €91 in H1 2017) and quality (with improvements also in hotels that have not been refurbished). At Group level, 37% of the portfolio is positioned in the top 10 of the city (45% for NH Collection), and 54% in the top 30 (63% in NH Collection), evidencing the higher quality levels perceived by customers.

% hotels NHH	Dec. '14	Dec. '15	Dec. '16	Jun. '17
Top 10	24%	27%	34%	37%
Top 30	47%	49%	53%	54%

Source: TripAdvisor

- Pricing & Revenue Management: Group ADR and occupancy has evolved positively during the semester in the main cities when compared to direct competitors. The increase in Group relative prices has been +2.1 p.p. vs. competitors, with an increase in RevPar of +3.8 p.p.
 - There has been a notable performance in Benelux, with a relative RevPar of +10.8 p.p., mainly from higher occupancy levels. NH continues to maximise its market opportunities in Amsterdam (relative RevPar +14.2 p.p.).
 - Relative performance in Spain has improved, with a RevPar increase of +17.9% vs. direct competitors that grew +12.0%.
 - Tough comparison in H1 in Central Europe due to the 2016 trade fairs in Frankfurt, Hamburg and Dusseldorf where NH was able to increase prices above competitors









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6M 2017	ADR	% var.	"Relative" ADR
6IVI 2017	NHH	Compset	Var.
Total NHH	4.6%	2.5%	2.1p.p.
Spain	12.1%	10.1%	2.0p.p.
Italy	1.7%	-2.1%	3.8p.p.
Benelux	5.6%	0.3%	5.3p.p.
Central Europe	-2.3%	0.7%	-2.9p.p.

6M 2017	RevPa	r % var.	"Relative" RevPar				
OIVI 2017	NHH	Compset	Var.				
Total NHH	9.1%	5.3%	3.8p.p.				
Spain	17.9%	12.0%	5.9p.p.				
Italy	5.2%	3.7%	1.5p.p.				
Benelux	16.1%	5.3%	10.8p.p.				
Central Euro	-1.3%	1.8%	-3.1p.p.				

Portfolio Optimization:

- By 30th of June 2017 asset disposals had taken place generating a net cash inflow of €32.0m.
- In addition, during 2017 new agreements have been signed for 3 hotels, two under lease contracts in Frankfurt and one under management in Valencia with a total of 838 rooms, all positioned in the upper segment with NH Collection and NHOW brands.





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RevPar evolution in the Second Quarter

Note: The "Like-for-Like plus Refurbishments" (LFL&R) criteria includes hotels renovated in 2016 and 2017, so as to ensure that the sample of "LFL" hotels is not reduced by the number of hotels affected by the refurbishments.

	NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR Q2 2017/2016												
	AVERAG	E ROOMS	OC	CUPANC	Y %				REVPAF	}			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	% Var	2017	2016	% Var	2017	2016	% Var		
Spain & Portugal LFL & R	10,811	10,743	80.3%	77.1%	4.2%	101.4	88.9	14.1%	81.4	68.5	18.8%		
Total B.U. Spain	11,113	11,246	79.6%	76.8%	3.6%	100.9	88.2	14.4%	80.3	67.7	18.5%		
Italy LFL & R	6,943	7,027	76.2%	74.3%	2.5%	126.2	120.1	5.1%	96.2	89.3	7.8%		
Total B.U. Italy	7,120	7,594	76.4%	72.3%	5.8%	128.3	120.6	6.3%	98.1	87.2	12.5%		
Benelux LFL & R	8,417	8,030	76.1%	73.2%	3.9%	113.5	103.7	9.4%	86.3	75.9	13.7%		
Total B.U. Benelux	8,695	8,053	75.9%	73.6%	3.0%	113.6	103.8	9.4%	86.1	76.4	12.7%		
Central Europe LFL & R	12,042	12,423	77.4%	76.0%	1.8%	86.4	89.0	-2.9%	66.9	67.7	-1.2%		
Total B.U. Central Europe	12,042	12,628	77.4%	75.9%	1.9%	86.4	89.0	-2.9%	66.9	67.6	-1.0%		
Total Europe LFL & R	38,213	38,222	77.7%	75.4%	3.0%	103.7	97.6	6.3%	80.6	73.6	9.5%		
Total Europe & EEUU Consoli	38,970	39,521	77.5%	75.0%	3.3%	104.1	97.6	6.7%	80.7	73.2	10.3%		
Latinamerica LFL & R	5,215	5,173	62.3%	62.3%	0.1%	79.2	75.0	5.6%	49.3	46.7	5.6%		
Latinamerica Consolidated	5,307	5,173	61.6%	62.3%	-1.1%	79.1	75.0	5.5%	48.7	46.7	4.3%		
NH Hotels LFL & R	43,428	43,396	75.9%	73.9%	2.7%	101.3	95.3	6.3%	76.9	70.4	9.2%		
Total Consolidated	44,276	44,694	75.6%	73.5%	2.8%	101.7	95.4	6.6%	76.9	70.1	9.6%		

- PevPar growth of +9.6% with a 70% contribution from prices (ADR +6.6%) reaching €102 (+€6.3). RevPar has grown in all markets except Central Europe due to the tough comparison with the strongest quarter for 2016 Germany trade fairs in Germany (RevPar Q2 2016 +12.7%) and the Eastern Week calendar change. Three markets recorded RevPar growth in double digits: Benelux, Spain and Italy, the latter two supported by the good performance by second-tier cities.
- As to Group **activity levels**, in Q2 occupancy has been up **+2.8%**, with a notable performance by Italy (+5.8%), Spain (+3.6%) and Benelux (+3.0%).
 - In Spain RevPar increased +18.5% due to the excellent RevPar performance LFL in Madrid LFL +22.1%, second-tier cities +16.9% and Barcelona +12.8%.
 - In Benelux RevPar LFL&R increased +13.7% due to a higher level of prices (+9.4%) and a higher activity (+3.0%), explained by the refurbishments carried out during the first part of 2016 and the recovery in Brussels where RevPar LFL grew +20.6% (fully explained by a higher occupancy).









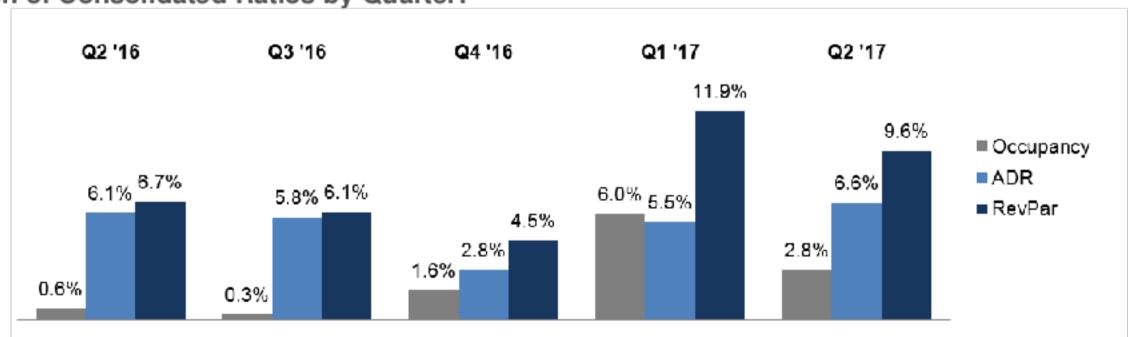
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RevPar evolution for the 6-month period:

+10.7% RevPar increase due to a combined growth strategy in ADR (+6.1%, +€5.5) and Occupancy (+4.3%), taking advantage of the strong demand in Benelux (+7.8%) and Spain (+5.8%). In the first half, growth in prices contributed 60% of the increase in RevPar. Excluding refurbishment, RevPar LFL has risen +8.6%, 47% explained by the +4.1% increases in prices.

	NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR 6M 2017/2016												
	AVERAGI	EROOMS	OCC	CUP ANC	Y %		ADR			REVPAF	}		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	% Var	2017	2016	%Var	2017	2016	% Var		
Spain & Portugal LFL & R	10,823	10,778	73.7%	69.6%	5.9%	92.6	83.9	10.3%	68.2	58.4	16.9%		
Total B.U. Spain	11,107	11,281	73.4%	69.4%	5.8%	92.1	83.3	10.6%	67.6	57.8	17.0%		
Italy LFL & R	6,965	7,028	68.3%	66.7%	2.4%	113.7	109.6	3.7%	77.6	73.1	6.2%		
Total B.U. Italy	7,142	7,549	68.3%	65.4%	4.4%	115.3	109.3	5.6%	78.8	71.4	10.2%		
Benelux LFL & R	8,428	8,089	69.0%	63.9%	8.0%	105.0	97.3	7.9%	72.4	62.2	16.5%		
Total B.U. Benelux	8,706	8,135	68.8%	63.8%	7.8%	105.2	97.4	8.0%	72.4	62.2	16.5%		
Central Europe LFL & R	12,069	12,423	71.2%	69.5%	2.6%	87.3	87.1	0.3%	62.2	60.5	2.8%		
Total B.U. Central Europe	12,069	12,628	71.2%	69.3%	2.8%	87.3	87.1	0.3%	62.2	60.4	3.1%		
Total Europe LFL & R	38,285	38,319	70.9%	67.8%	4.6%	97.3	92.3	5.4%	69.0	62.6	10.2%		
Total Europe & EEUU Consoli	39,023	39,593	70.8%	67.5%	4.9%	97.6	92.1	6.0%	69.1	62.1	11.2%		
Latinamerica LFL & R	5,225	5,194	61.8%	60.8%	1.6%	80.0	74.4	7.6%	49.4	45.2	9.3%		
Latinamerica Consolidated	5,346	5,194	60.6%	60.8%	-0.4%	80.0	74.4	7.5%	48.4	45.2	7.1%		
NH Hotels LFL & R	43,510	43,513	69.8%	67.0%	4.2%	95.4	90.3	5.7%	66.6	60.5	10.1%		
Total Consolidated	44,370	44,787	69.6%	66.7%	4.3%	95.7	90.2	6.1%	66.6	60.2	10.1%		

Evolution of Consolidated Ratios by Quarter:



Consolidated Ratios		Oc	cupan	су					ADR					RevPar		
% Var	Q2 '16	Q3 '16	Q4 '16	Q1 '17	Q2 '17	1	Q2 '16	Q3 '16	Q4 '16	Q1 '17	Q2 '17	Q2 '16	Q3 '16	Q4 '16	Q1 '17	Q2 '17
Spain	2.4%	3.5%	1.3%	7.2%	3.6%	-	11.0%	11.5%	6.1%	5.6%	14.4%	13.7%	15.4%	7.5%	13.1%	18.5%
Italy	1.4%	-0.8%	0.7%	5.7%	5.8%		-1.2%	-2.0%	-8.4%	3.9%	6.3%	0.2%	-2.9%	-7.7%	9.9%	12.5%
Benelux	-5.8%	-6.4%	3.2%	10.9%	3.0%		7.1%	6.3%	8.1%	6.7%	9.4%	1.0%	-0.4%	11.5%	18.3%	12.7%
Central Europe	2.9%	3.4%	3.3%	4.4%	1.9%	i	9.5%	8.5%	3.2%	4.3%	-2.9%	12.7%	12.2%	6.7%	8.9%	-1.0%
TOTAL EUROPE	0.6%	0.4%	2.2%	6.6%	3.3%	i	6.7%	5.9%	2.3%	5.1%	6.7%	7.4%	6.4%	4.6%	12.0%	10.3%
Latin America real exc.	0.0%	-1.1%	-2.8%	1.4%	-1.1%	İ	-0.5%	4.5%	6.5%	9.6%	5.5%	-0.5%	3.3%	3.5%	11.2%	4.3%
NH HOTEL GROUP	0.6%	0.3%	1.6%	6.0%	2.8%	L	6.1%	5.8%	2.8%	5.5%	6.6%	6.7%	6.1%	4.5%	11.9%	9.6%







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	RECUI	RRING HOT	EL ACTIVIT	ГҮ				
(€ million)	2017 Q2	2016 Q2	DIFF. 17/16	%DIFF.	2017 6M	2016 6M	DIFF. 17/16	%DIFF.
SPAIN	114.9	101.8	13.1	12.8%	196.1	174.2	21.8	12.5%
ITALY	80.4	76.7	3.7	4.8%	132.9	128.4	4.5	3.5%
BENELUX	95.0	84.0	11.0	13.1%	162.2	141.5	20.8	14.7%
CENTRAL EUROPE	101.0	106.4	(5.4)	(5.0%) i	i 187.8	189.9	(2.1)	(1.1%)
AMERICA	34.2	32.6	1.6	4.8% i	67.9	62.4	5.5	8.8%
TOTAL RECURRING REVENUE LFL&R	425.4	401.5	24.0	6.0%	746.9	696.4	50.5	7.2%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	10.2	11.7	(1.6)	(13.4%)	17.3	18.6	(1.3)	(7.1%)
RECURRING REVENUES	435.6	413.2	22.4	5.4%	764.2	715.1	49.1	6.9%
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.0%				
SPAIN	65.4	62.8	2.6	4.1%	123.5	118.5	5.0	4.2%
ITALY	46.0	45.1	1.0	2.2%	84.6	84.7	(0.1)	(0.1%)
BENELUX	56.7	52.6	4.1	7.9%	106.6	97.4	9.2	9.5%
CENTRAL EUROPE	64.2	66.9	(2.7)	(4.0%)	127.1	129.0	(1.9)	(1.5%)
AMERICA	25.0	23.0	1.9	8.3%	49.6	45.5	4.1	9.1%
RECURRING OPEX LFL&R	257.4	250.4	6.9	2.8%	491.5	475.1	16.4	3.5%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	6.2	7.4	(1.2)	(16.1%)	12.2	13.5	(1.3)	(9.5%)
RECURRING OPERATING EXPENSES	263.6	257.8	5.8	2.2%	503.6	488.5	15.1	3.1%
		20710	515			10010	2012	51275
SPAIN	49.4	39.0	10.5	26.9%	72.5	55.7	16.8	30.2%
ITALY	34.3	31.7	2.7	8.5%	48.2	43.7	4.6	10.5%
BENELUX	38.2	31.4	6.8	21.8%	55.7	44.1	11.5	26.2%
CENTRAL EUROPE	36.8	39.5	(2.6)	(6.7%)	60.7	60.9	(0.2)	(0.4%)
AMERICA	9.2	9.6	(0.3)	(3.6%)	18.3	16.9	1.4	8.1%
RECURRING GOP LFL&R	168.1	151.1	17.0	11.3%	255.4	221.4	34.0	15.4%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	3.9	4.3	(0.4)	(8.8%)	5.1	5.2	(0.0)	(0.6%)
RECURRING GOP	172.0	155.4	16.6	10.7%	260.6	226.5	34.0	15.0%
SPAIN	22.6	21.3	1.3	6.3%	44.0	41.7	2.3	5.5%
ITALY	12.2	11.9	0.3	2.4%	23.9	23.4	0.5	2.1%
BENELUX	13.1	12.5	0.6	5.1%	26.2	24.5	1.7	7.1%
CENTRAL EUROPE	26.5	26.4	0.1	0.4%	52.5	53.0	(0.5)	(1.0%)
AMERICA	3.2	3.2	0.0	1.0%	6.7	6.5	0.3	4.0%
RECURRING LEASES&PT LFL&R	77.6	75.2	2.4	3.2%	153.4	149.2	4.3	2.9%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	2.0	2.3	(0.3)	(11.9%)	4.0	4.3	(0.3)	(7.2%)
RECURRING RENTS AND PROPERTY TAXES	79.7	77.6	2.1	2.7%	157.5	153.5	4.0	2.6%
SPAIN	26.8	17.7	9.1	51.6%	28.5	14.0	14.5	103.4%
ITALY	22.2	19.8	2.4	12.2%	24.3	20.3	4.1	20.1%
BENELUX	25.1	18.9	6.2	32.8%	29.4	19.6	9.8	50.0%
CENTRAL EUROPE	10.3	13.1	(2.7)	(21.0%)	8.2	7.9	0.3	3.7%
AMERICA	6.0	6.4	(0.4)	(5.9%)	11.6	10.4	1.1	10.7%
RECURRING EBITDA LFL&R	90.4	75.8	14.6	19.3%	102.0	72.2	29.8	41.3%
OPENINGS, CLOSINGS & OTHERS	1.9	2.0	(0.1)	(5.1%)	1.1	0.8	0.3	34.1%
			4.1.					
RECURRING EBITDA EX. ONEROUS PROVISION	92.3	77.8	14.5	18.7%	103.1	73.0	30.1	41.2%





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Recurring Results by Business Unit (LFL&R basis)

Spain B.U.:

- ➤ RevPar growth of +18.8% in Q2, 75% from ADR (+14.1%) and a +4.2% increase in occupancy, reporting a revenue growth of +12.8%.
- ➤ In H1, RevPar grew +16.9% with an increase in prices of +10.3% (61% contribution) and +5.9% in occupancy.
- Excellent revenue evolution, growing +12.5% (+€21.8m) in the first 6 months. The LFL perimeter grew +10.1%, with an outstanding LFL performance in Madrid (+12.5%), Barcelona (+11.1%) and the second-tier cities (+10.2%). In addition, the refurbished hotels contributed with an increase in revenues of +€6.6m compared with the first six months of 2016.
- Coperating costs in H1 were up +4.2% (+€5.0m), explained by the higher occupancy during the period (+5.9%, reaching 73.7%), increased commissions from the change in segmentation and higher costs for the hotels that were refurbished in 2016.
- GOP in H1 reached €72.5m, a growth of 30.2% (+€16.8m). The increase in lease payment in the half-year has been +€2.3M (+5.5%), explained by the variable component of the contracts.
- As a result, EBITDA has doubled, reaching €28.5M, an improvement of +€14.5m with an incremental revenue conversion rate of 67%.

Italy B.U.:

- RevPar was up +7.8% in Q2, due to an increase in ADR of +5.1% (66% contribution) due to the sound performance in second-tier cities. This led to a revenue increase in the quarter of +4.8% (+€3.7m).
- ➤ In H1 RevPar rose +6.2% with ADR growing +3.7% and occupancy +2.4%. Revenue increased +3.5%, impacted by the refurbishment carried out by the owner of a leased hotel in Turin. Excluding this refurbishment, the growth in LFL revenue was +5.2%.
- Properating costs have declined slightly (-€0.1m) in H1 due to cost control initiatives. This has enabled an improvement in GOP of +10.5% (+€4.6m). The increase in lease payments of +€0.5M (+2.1%) has been due to the variable component of the contracts.
- ➤ H1 EBITDA reached €24.3m (+€4.1m), with an incremental revenue conversion ratio of 91%.

Benelux B.U.:

- RevPar rose +13.7% in Q2 with an increase in ADR of +9.4% (69% contribution) following 2016 refurbishments, the expected recovery in Brussels and the solid performance in second-tier cities. This has enabled a revenue growth of +13.1% (+€11.0m).
- Occupancy for the six months was up +8.0% and +7.9% in ADR, leading to a 16.5% RevPar growth explained as commented by the 2016 refurbishments, Brussels recovery (LFL RevPar +19.0%, entirely from higher activity) and the solid performance in second-tier cities.
- ► LFL revenue growth in 6M excluding refurbishments has been +5.9%, supported by the growth in Brussels LFL (+14.7%), Amsterdam (+4.8%) and second-tier cities. Including those hotels that were refurbished in 2016, the growth reported is +14.7% (+€20.8m).
- Properating costs for the six months have risen +9.5% (+€9.2m) explained by the higher occupancy (+8.0%), leading to an increase in GOP of 26.2% (+€11.5m).
- As a result, 6M EBITDA has reached €29.4m, an improvement of +50.0%, equivalent to +€9.8m.











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Central Europe B.U.:

- RevPar has declined by -1.2% in Q2 2017, with an increase in occupancy of +1.8%, explained by the tough comparison with the strongest quarter for 2016 trade fairs in Germany (RevPar Q2 2016: +12.7%), the calendar change in Easter Week and by hotel refurbishments. For these reasons, revenue was down -5.0% (-€5.4m).
- There has been an increase in RevPar of +2.8% in the first half of the year, with an increase in occupancy of +2.6% and an increase in ADR of +0.3%. Revenue was down -1.1% (-€2.1m) because of the refurbishment of 3 hotels in Berlin, Munich and Hamburg with 354 rooms during the first half of 2017, compensated by a reduction in operating costs of 1.5% (-€1.9m).
- As a result, 6M EBITDA has totalled €8.2m, an improvement of +€0.3m (+3.7%).

Americas B.U.:

- ➤ A RevPar growth of +5.6% has been achieved in Q2 2017, entirely explained by an increase in ADR of +5.6%, with an increase in revenues of +4.8%.
- In H1, RevPar rose +9.3% with ADR growing +7.6% (82% contribution) and +1.6% in occupancy. In 6M revenue rose +8.8% (+€5.5m). The positive impact of the exchange rate (+€0.7m) has meant that revenue at constant rate has been slightly lower (+7.7%, +€4.8m) from the depreciation of the Mexican and the Argentine peso, which was more than offset by the 10% appreciation of the Colombian peso.
- By region, Mexico has reported revenue growth of +11.1% (+€1.8m) with real exchange rate in 6M, mainly explained by the refurbishment in 2016 of the NH Collection México City Reforma Hotel, with a high EBITDA conversion.
- In Argentina, revenues for 6M have risen by +19.0% (+€2.8m) with real exchange rate, explained both by higher activity levels (+10.0% increase in occupancy), and an increase in ADR of +11.1%. At EBITDA level, the increase declines to +€0.7m because of the high level of inflation.
- The positive evolution of the local currency in the case of Hoteles Royal during the six months has not offset the refurbishment of a key hotel in Chile and a drop in corporate events because of the increased offer in Bogotá, so that revenue has been in line with the same period of the previous year.









Madrid, 26 July 2017

Consolidated Income Statement

NH HOTEL GROUP P&L ACCOUNT												
(€ million)	Q2 2017	Q2 2016	V	ar.	6M 2017	6M 2016		Var.				
	€m.	€m.	€m.	%	€m.	€ m.	€ m.	%				
TOTAL REVENUES	435.6	413.2	22.4	5.4%	764.2	715.1	49.1	6.9%				
Staff Cost	(135.3)	(132.9)	(2.4)	1.8%	(260.9)	(254.4)	(6.5)	2.5%				
Operating expenses	(128.3)	(124.9)	(3.4)	2.7%	(242.7)	(234.1)	(8.6)	3.7%				
GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	172.0	155.4	16.6	10.7%	260.6	226.5	34.0	15.0%				
Lease payments and property taxes	(79.7)	(77.6)	(2.1)	2.7%	(157.5)	(153.5)	(4.0)	2.6%				
EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS	92.3	77.8	14.5	18.7%	103.1	73.0	30.1	41.2%				
Margin % of Revenues	21.2%	18.8%	2.4p.p.	N/A	13.5%	10.2%		3.3%				
Onerous contract reversal provision	1.0	1.7	(0.7)	(38.5%)	2.0	3.0	(0.9)	(30.8%)				
EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	93.4	79.5	13.9	17.4%	105.1	76.0	29.2	38.4%				
Depreciation	(28.1)	(25.4)	(2.6)	10.3%	(53.8)	(49.6)	(4.2)	8.5%				
EBIT	65.3	54.1	11.2	20.8%	51.3	26.4	25.0	94.7%				
Interest expense	(15.4)	(12.3)	(3.1)	25.2%	(29.5)	(24.0)	(5.5)	22.9%				
Income from minority equity interests	0.1	0.2	(0.2)	(77.0%)	0.0	0.1	(0.1)	(80.2%)				
EBT	50.0	42.0	7.9	18.9%	21.8	2.5	19.3	N/A				
Corporate income tax	(12.5)	(8.4)	(4.1)	48.6%	(11.5)	(6.1)	(5.4)	88.8%				
NET INCOME before minorities	37.4	33.6	3.8	11.4%	10.3	(3.6)	13.9	N/A				
Minority interests	(1.1)	(1.3)	0.2	(17.8%)	(1.7)	(1.9)	0.2	(11.0%)				
NET RECURRING INCOME	36.3	32.2	4.1	12.7%	8.7	(5.5)	14.1	N/A				
Non Recurring EBITDA	2.8	32.7	(29.9)	N/A	9.9	34.5	(24.6)	N/A				
Other Non Recurring items	(6.8)	(15.6)	8.9	N/A	(10.9)	(19.3)	8.4	N/A				
NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	32.4	49.4	(17.0)	(34.3%)	7.6	9.7	(2.1)	(21.3%)				

Comments on 6M 2017

- Solid revenue growth of +6.9% (+6.7% with constant exchange rate) reaching €764m (+€49.1m). Hotel revenue grew +7.4% excluding other non-hotel revenue, which fell -€2.7m because of a lower level of investment that impacted on the recording of revenue following the capitalisation of payroll costs and discounts from rebates.
 - o In the Like for Like ("LFL") perimeter, excluding refurbishments, the growth in revenue has been +5.9%.
- Operating Costs: Costs have risen at a slower rate than revenue because of the cost control.
 - Payroll costs were up +2.5% (+€6.5m), explained by the greater level of activity in Spain, Benelux and Italy, and finally the hotels that were refurbished in 2016.
 - Other operating expenses went up +3.7% (+€8.6m), mainly from the increase in commissions because of the higher revenue and the evolution of the sales channel mix and greater levels of activity at the hotels refurbished in 2016.
- GOP improvement of +€34.0m (+15.0%). GOP margin has improved by +2.4 p.p. reaching 34.1%. Lease costs and property taxes increased by -€4.0m (+2.6%), 70% explained for by the variable component of lease contracts.
- → Higher revenues combined with cost control has led to a growth in recurring EBITDA of +41% reaching €103m, representing an increase of +€30m and a conversion rate of 61% from the incremental revenue into EBITDA despite the higher occupancy level (+4.3%).







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- ➤ Amortisation: The increase of -€4.2m as of June includes -€1.8m for the amortisation of the new Hesperia management agreement, with the rest coming from repositioning investments in the second part of 2016.
- Financial costs: The increase of €5.5m is explained by:
 - Refinancing in Q3 2016: HY 2023 issue (3.75% coupon) to refinance bank debt maturing in 2017 and in 2018 together with the signing of a long-term revolving credit facility of €250m (fully undrawn), accounts for an increase of -€2.9m.
 - Refinancing in Q2 2017: -€1.9m for the refinancing of €150m of the HY 2019 (6.875% coupon) with a €115m Tap of the HY 2023 (3.75% coupon, yield to maturity 3.17%) and cash.
 - Following this TAP on the 2023 bond, the average cost of the debt has declined to 4.2% and maturity has been extended to 4.4 years. The annual savings from this refinancing is estimated to be €6.0m.
- Corporate Tax: The higher corporate tax mount (-€5.4m) has mainly been due to the improvement in the business (-€4.3m) and deferred taxes (-€1m). The use of tax incentives and non-capitalised tax credits (+€3m) has offset the higher tax from the reversal of credit provisioning in Spain for -€3.3m (Royal Decree 3/2016).
- Positive net recurring income of €8.7m, which represents an improvement of +€14.1m compared with the same half of 2016 (-€5.5m). Positive net recurring income in the semester for the first time since 2008.
- ➤ Total net income reached €7.6m, fully explained by the business improvement, and only -€2.1m lower than that of the first half of 2016, which was impacted by a positive contribution of €15m from the non-recurring activity (asset rotation) that are expected to be obtained at least the same level in H2 through asset rotation transactions.

Comments on Q2 2017

- Revenues were up +5.4%, reaching €435.6m (+€22.4m). Excluding non-hotel revenue due to lower capex (capitalisation of payroll costs and discounts from rebates) hotel revenue has risen by +6.3%.
- Sound cost control led to a +18.7% growth in recurring EBITDA in the second quarter, reaching €92.3m, an increase of +€14.5m compared with the second quarter of 2016 and despite the difficult comparison in Germany (RevPar Q2 2016 +12.7%) because of the trade fair calendar, Eastern Week and the refurbishment of hotels. The conversion rate from incremental revenue to EBITDA is 65%, despite the higher occupancy level (+2.8%).
- Increased amortisation costs (from the new Hesperia contract), the impact of the refinancing during the quarter with the redemption of part of the HY 2019 and the higher taxes from the business improvement have meant that the Recurring Net Income for the quarter reached €36.3m, an improvement of +€4.1m compared with the second quarter of 2016.
- Non-recurring activity for a net amount of -€4.0m, largely explained by the severance payments of the Efficiency Plan. Total Net Income reached €32.4m. Comparison with the second quarter of 2016 is affected by the high contribution to non-recurring business by capital gains from the assets sold in Q2 2016.













Madrid, 26 July 2017

Financial Debt and Liquidity

As of 30/06/2017	Maximum						Rena	yment sch	edule			
Data in Euro million	Available	Availability	Drawn	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	Rest
Se nior Cre dit Facilities	T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	- Trumbury	22111711	2017	2010	2017				2020		10000
Senior Secured Notes due 2019	100.0		100.0	_	_	100.0	_		_	_	_	_
Senior Secured Notes due 2023	400.0		400.0	_	_	-	_	_	_	400.0	_	_
Senior Secured RCF (3+2 years)	250.0	250.0	-	_	_	_	_		_	-	_	
Total debt secured by the same Collateral	750.0	250.0	500.0		_	100.0	_		_	400.0		_
Other Secured loans *	33.8	-	33.8	1.9	6.7	2.3	1.8	1.7	1.5	1.3	1.4	15.1
Total se cured debt	783.8	250.0	533.8	1.9	6.7	102.3	1.8	1.7	1.5	401.3	1.4	15.1
Convertible Bonds due 2018	250.0		250.0		250.0	-	-		-	-		-
Unsecured loans and credit facilities **	70.3	53.8	16.5	14.3	1.3	0.6	0.3	_	_	_	_	_
Subordinated loans	40.0	-	40.0	-	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	40.0
Total uns ecured debt	360.3	53.8	306.5	14.3	251.3	0.6	0.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	40.0
Total Gross Debt	1,144.0	303.8	840.3	16.2	258.0	102.9	2.1	1.7	1.5	401.3	1.4	55.1
Cash and cash equivalents ***	 		(114.5)									
Cush and cush equivalents	1		(114.5)									
Net de bt			725.7									
F			(0.4)		(0.4)							
Equity Component Convertible Bond			(8.4)	(0.7)	(8.4)		(2.5)	-		(2.2)		(0.4)
Arranging loan expenses			(22.3)	(2.7)	(5.3)	(3.9)	(2.5)	(2.6)	(2.8)	(2.2)	(0.0)	(0.4)
Accrued interests			6.9	6.9								
Total adjusted net debt			702.0									

Bilateral mortgage loans

- Net financial debt decreased to €726m (€747m at 31st December 2016) due to the positive cash generation during the period, which together with the asset disposals more than offset the capital expenditure on repositioning, the final payment for the acquisition of Hoteles Royal in 2015 (-€19.6m) and the first disbursement under the Hesperia management contract (-€11.0m).
- At 30th of June 2017 the Company held cash for €114.5m and credit lines available of €303.8m, of which €250m correspond to the long-term syndicated revolving credit facility signed in September 2016 (3+2 years).
- Q2 2017 Refinancing: Tap of €115m of the HY 2023 issue with a yield to maturity of 3.17% to repay, together with available cash, €150m of the HY 2019 (6.875% coupon), with the aim of:
 - Lowering the average cost of debt to 4.2%
 - Reducing total debt levels and extending average life to 4.4 years
 - Estimated savings of €6.0m in an annual basis
- In 2017 the Fitch rating agency improved the corporate rating outlook for the Group from "B with a stable outlook" to "B with a positive outlook" based on the greater liquidity and the operating improvement.





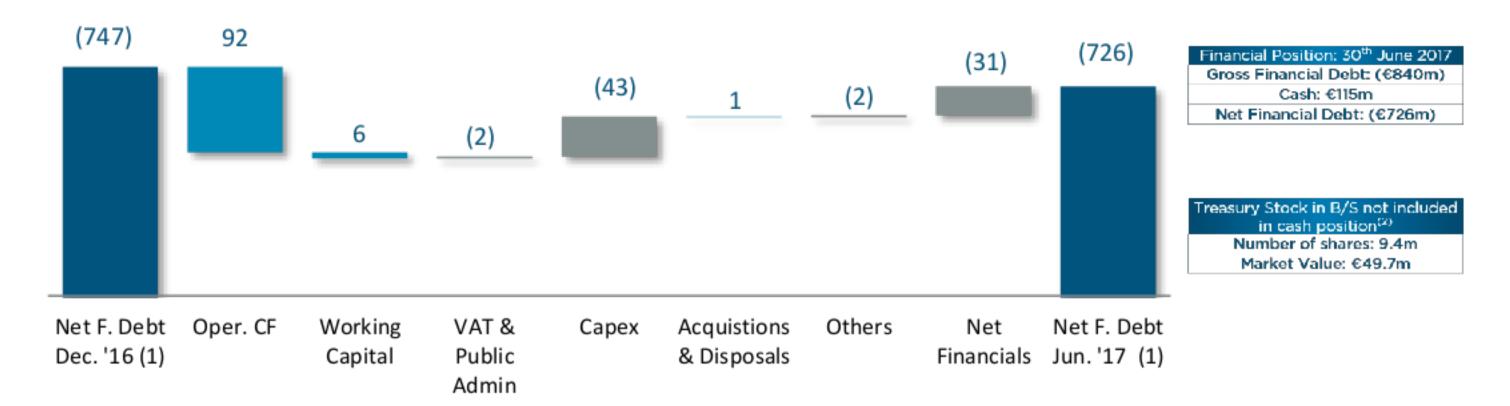


^{**} Comprises €7.2 million drawn under RCFs to be renewed in the short term and other debt facilities with amortization schedule

^{***} Not included in cash position. As of June 30th 2017, the Company had 9,423,924 treasury shares in its balance sheet, of which 9m shares correspond to a loan of securities linked to the convertible bond is sued in November 2013. Of those 9m shares, as of June 30th 2017, 7,615,527 had been returned and are therefore held by NH although they remain available to the financial institutions. In addition, in August 2016 the Company purchased 600,000 treasury shares and up to June 30th 2017 the Company has delivered 176,076 shares to management under the Long Term Incentive Program, resulting in a net amount of 423,924. Treasury stock in € calculated with the price as of June 30th 2017 (€5.27 per share) totals 49.7M€

Madrid, 26 July 2017

Net Financial Debt H1 2017 Evolution



- NFD excluding accounting adjustments for the portion of the convertible bond treated as Equity, arrangement expenses and accrued interest. Including these accounting adjustments, the Adj. NFD would be (€725m) at 31st Dec. 2016 and (€702m) at 30th June 2017
- As of 30th June 2017, the Company had 9,423,924 treasury shares in its balance sheet, of which 9m shares correspond to a loan of securities linked to the convertible bond issue in November 2013. Of those 9m shares, as of 30th June 2017, 7,615,527 had been returned and are therefore held by NH although they remain available to the financial institutions. In addition, in August 2016 the Company purchased 600,000 treasury shares and in 2017 the Company has delivered 176,076 shares to management under the Long Term Incentive Program, resulting in a net amount of 423,924. Treasury stock in € calculated with the price as of 30th June 2017 (€5.27 per share) totals €49.7m

Cash flow in the semester:

- (+) Operating cash flow for +€92m including -€7.9m in financial costs from credit cards and taxes paid for -€9.2m.
- (+) Working capital: Improvement from the reduction in the collection average terms (from 23 days in December 2016 to 18 days in June 2017).
- (-) Capex payments: -€43m mainly from the repositioning capex in 2016 and maintenance in 2017.
- (+) Acquisitions & Disposals: +€32.0m from the asset rotation, -€19.6m final payment for the acquisition of Hoteles Royal in 2015 and the first payment of the Hesperia contract -€11.0m.
- (-) Others: payments of legal reserves.
- (-) Net financial cash flows: -€31.0m, including -€10m of the refinancing in Q2 2017, that includes the redemption premium, transaction costs, and issuance at above par.







Appendix

NH | HOTEL GROUP





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Madrid, 26 July 2017

Appendix I: In accordance with the Directives published by the ESMA in relation to Alternative Performance Measures (APMs), below it has been defined and reconciled the APMs used by the Group within the Results Publication dated 26 July 2017.

In addition, the abridged consolidated half yearly financial statements are shown below:













Madrid, 26 July 2017

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED BALANCES HEETS AT 30 JUNE 2017 AND 31 DECEMBER 2016

ASSETS	30/06/2017	31/12/2016 (*)	NET ASSETS AND LIABILITIES	30/06/2017	31/12/2016 (*)
NON CUDDENT ACCETC.			EOLETV.		
NON-CURRENT ASSETS: Goodwill	112 050	117 726	EQUITY: Share capital	700 544	700 544
	113,959		Share capital Personner of the parent company	700,544	I
Intangible assets	157,306		Reserves of the parent company	524,458	
Property, plant and equipment	1,668,335		Reserves of fully consolidated companies	39,382	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	10,970		Reserves of companies consolidated using the equity method	(23,087)	
Non-current financial investments-	83,756		Other equity instruments	27,230	
Loans and accounts receivable not available for trading	71,087		Exchange differences	(141,272)	
Other non-current financial investments	12,669		Treasury shares and shareholdings	(39,279)	1 1
Deferred tax assets	143,239		Consolidated profit for the period	7,646	
Other non-current assets	18,993		Equity attributable to the shareholders of the Parent Company	1,095,622	
Total non-current assets	2,196,558	2,218,647	Non-controlling interests	43,441	
			Total equity	1,139,063	1,155,876
			NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		
			Debt instruments and other marketable securities	726,624	1
			Bank borrowings	69,376	1 1
			Other financial liabilities	13,133	1
			Other non-current liabilities	38,561	I I
			Provisions for contingencies and charges	52,008	52,900
			Deferred tax liabilities	169,375	174,987
			Total non-current liabilities	1,069,077	1,099,716
CURRENT ASSETS:					
Non-current assets classified as held for sale	45,437	46,685	CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Inventories	9,942	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Liabilities associated with non-current assets classified as held for sale	2,496	2,661
Trade receivables	148,565		Debt instruments and other marketable securities	1,677	
Non-trade receivables-	62,945		Bank borrowings	18,807	
Tax receivables	39,049		Other financial liabilities	10,949	
Other non-trade debtors	23,896		Trade and other payables	230,935	
Short-term financial investments	-		Public administration payables	56,030	
Cash and cash equivalents	114,532		Provisions for contingencies and charges	9,242	
Other current assets	13,896		Other current liabilities	53,599	
Total current assets	395,317	408,590	1	383,735	
TOTAL ASSETS	2,591,875	2,627,237	1	2,591,875	

^(*) Presented for comparison purposes only. Audited balances.











Madrid, 26 July 2017

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOMESTATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 JUNE 2017 AND 30 JUNE 2016

	2017	2016 (*)
	752.465	E01 (20
Revenues	752,465	701,628
Other operating income	8,342	2,949
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	10,097	41,468
Procurements	(37,698)	(31,554)
Staff costs	(211,300)	(211,623)
Depreciation and amortisation charges	(55,775)	(54,486)
Net impairment losses	1,392	(314)
Other operating expenses	(400,606)	(392,990)
Variation in the provision for onerous contracts	2,050	2,961
Other operating expenses	(402,656)	(395,951)
Profit (loss) on disposal of financial and other investments	6	3,643
Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the		
equity method	29	146
Finance income	1,241	1,928
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(7)	(135)
Finance costs	(38,458)	(33,345)
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	(6,006)	(186)
ret exertange directives (income/(Expense))	(0,000)	(100)
PROFITS / (LOSSES) BEFORE TAX		
FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	23,722	27,129
		, in the second
Income tax	(14,651)	(14,481)
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR - CONTINUING	9,071	12,648
Profit (loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of taxes	254	(1,048)
PROFIT / (LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	9,325	11,600
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Exchange differences	(8,974)	(3,953)
Income and expenses recognised directly in equity	(8,974)	(3,953)
		` ` ` `
TOTAL INTEGRAL PROFIT	351	7,647
Profit / Loss for the year attributable to:		
Parent Company Shareholders	7,646	9,714
Non-controlling interests	1,679	1,886
2.000 Controlling interests	1,0/2	1,000
Comprehensive loss attributable to:		
Parent Company Shareholders	139	5,820
	212	
Non-controlling interests	212	1,827
Profit / Loss per share in euros (basic)	0.02	0.03

 $[\]ast$ Presented for comparison purposes only . Unaudited balances.









Madrid, 26 July 2017

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED

30 JUNE 2017 AND 30 JUNE 2016

				Profit for the year				
		Issue premium and	Treasury shares	attribut able to the	Other equity	Valuation	Non-controlling	
	Share capital	reserves	and shareholdings	Parent Company	instru ments	adjustments	interests	Total Equity
Adjusted balance at 31/12/2016	700,544	527,133	(39,983)	30,750	27,230	(133,765)	43,967	1,155,876
Net profit (loss) for 2017	-	-	-	7,646	-	•	1,679	9,325
Exchange differences	-	-		-	-	(7,507)	(1,467)	(8,974)
Total recognised income / (expense)	-	•	•	7,646		(7,507)	212	351
Transactions with shareholders or owners	-	(221)	(16,408)	-	-	•	(682)	(17,311)
Distribution of dividends	-	-	(17,112)	-	-		(682)	(17,794)
Treasury share transactions (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Remuneration Scheme in shares	-	(221)	704	-	-	-	-	483
Other changes in equity	-	30,953		(30,750)	-		(56)	147
Trans fers between equity items	-	30,750	-	(30,750)	-	-	-	-
Other changes	-	203		-			(56)	147
Final balance as at 30/06/2017	700,544	557,865	(56,391)	7,646	27,230	(141,272)	43,441	1,139,063

		Eq						
			Own Funds					
				Profit for the year				
		Issue premium and	Treasury shares	attributable to the	Other equity	Valuation	Non-controlling	
	Share capital	reserves	and shareholdings	Parent Company	instruments	adjustments	interests	Total Equity
Adjusted balance at 31/12/2015	700,544	527,317	(37,561)	938	27,230	(130,347)	37,963	1,126,084
Net profit (loss) for 2016		-	-	9,714	-		1,886	11,600
Exchange differences	•	-	-	-	-	(3,894)	(59)	(3,953)
Total recognised income / (expense)				9,714		(3,894)	1,827	7,647
Transactions with shareholders or owners		453	-	-			(268)	185
Distribution of dividends	-	-	-	-	-	-	(268)	(268)
Treasury share transactions (net)		1,241	-	-	-	-	-	1,241
Other transactions with shareholders or owners	-	(788)	-	-		-	-	(788)
Other changes in equity	•	(447)		(938)	-		1,385	
Trans fers between equity items	-	938	-	(938)	-	-	-	-
Other changes	-	(1,385)	-	-	-	-	1,385	-
Ending balance at 30/06/2016	700,544	527,323	(37,561)	9,714	27,230	(134,241)	40,907	1,133,916







Madrid, 26 July 2017

NH HOTEL GROUP, S.A. AND SUBSIDIARIES

ABRIDGED CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENTS PRODUCED IN THE SIX-MONTH PERIODS ENDED 30 June 2017 AND 30 June 2016

	30.06.2017	30.06.2016
1. OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Consolidate d profit (loss) before tax:	23,722	27,129
Adjustments:		
Depreciation of tangible and amortisation of intangible assets (+) Impairment losses (net) (+/-)	55,775 (1,392)	54,486 314
Allocations for provisions (net) (+/-)	(2,050)	(2,961)
Gains/Losses on the sale of tangible and intangible assets (+/-)	(10,097)	(41,468)
Gains/Losses on investments valued using the equity method (+/-)	(29)	(146)
Financial income (-)	(1,241)	(1,928)
Financial expenses and variation in fair value of financial instruments (+) Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	38,465 6,006	33,480 186
Profit (loss) on disposal of financial investments	(6)	(3,643)
Other non-monetary items (+/-)	213	20,388
Adjusted profit (loss)	109,366	85,837
	200,000	00,007
Net variation in assets / liabilities:		
(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	(72)	(323)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other accounts receivable	(2,872)	1,491
(Increase)/Decrease in other current assets Increase/(Decrease) in trade payables	(6,147) 5,504	5,840 (7,720)
Increase/(Decrease) in other current liabilities	5,644	(2,444)
Increase/(Decrease) in provisions for contingencies and expenses	(3,028)	(202)
(Increase)/Decrease in non-current assets	713	15,807
Increase/(Decrease) in non-current liabilities	495	139
Income tax paid	(9,173)	(5,203)
Total net cash flow from operating activities (I)	100,430	93,222
2. INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		
Finance income Investments (-):	703	1,437
Group companies, joint ventures and associates	(20,265)	(4,146)
Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property	(54,313)	(83,764)
	(74,578)	(87,910)
Disinvestment (+):	62	
Group companies, joint ventures and associates Tangible and intangible assets and investments in property	62 31,930	50,938
Non-current financial investments	-	6,565
	31,992	57,503
Total net cash flow from investment activities (II)	(41,883)	(28,970)
	(41,865)	(20,570)
3. FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Dividends paid out (-)	(682)	
Interest paid on debts (-) Interest paid by means of payment	(36,749) (7,920)	(27,126) (6,951)
Interest paid by financing and other	(28,829)	(20,175)
Variations in (+/-):		
Equity instruments		
Debt instruments: - Bonds and other tradeable securities (+)	115,000	
- Bonds and other tradeable securities (+) - Bonds and other tradeable securities (+)	(150,000)	-
- Loans from credit institutions (+)	(150,000)	9,490
- Loans from credit institutions (-)	(8,280)	(39, 157)
- Finance leases	11	(637)
- Other financial liabilities (+/-)	-	1,897
Total net cash flow from financing activities (III)	(80,700)	(55,533)
4. GROSS INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III)	(22,153)	8,719
5. Effect of exchange rate variations on cash and cash equivalents (IV)	_	(286)
6. Effect of variations in the scope of consolidation (V)	(48)	_
7. NET INCREASE/DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (I+II+III-IV+VI)	(22,201)	8,433
8. Cash and cash equivalents at the start of the financial year	136,733	77,699
9. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year (7+8)	114,532	86,132











A) Definitions

EBITDA: Result before tax of continuing operations and before: net result from the disposal of non-current assets, depreciation, net loss from asset impairment, the result on disposal of financial investments, the result of entities valued by the equity method, financial income, change in the fair value of financial instruments, financing costs (except for credit card costs, which are considered to be operating cost) and net exchange differences. This APM is used to measure the purely operating results of the Group.

RevPar: The result of multiplying the average daily price for a specific period by the occupancy in that period. This APM is used for comparison of average income per hotel room with other companies in the sector.

Average Daily Rate (ADR): The ratio of total room revenue for a specific period divided by the rooms sold in that specific period. This APM is used to compare average hotel room prices with those of other companies in the sector.

LFL&R (**Like for like with refurbishments**): We define LFL with refurbishments as the group of fully operated hotels in a 24-month period plus the refurbishments made in the last two years. It excludes those hotels that have just been opened or closed and that have therefore not been fully operational for 24 months. This APM is used to analyse operating results for the year in a manner comparable with those of previous periods excluding the impact of hotel refurbishments.

Below it has been provided a breakdown of the "Total Revenues" line split into "LFL and refurbishments" and "Openings, closings and other effects" to illustrate the above explanation:

p-----

		H1 2017	H1 2016
		М €.	М €.
Total revenues	A+B	764.2	715.1
Total recurring revenue LFL & Refurbishment	A	746.9	696.4
Openings, closing & others	В	17.3	18.6

It has been provided a reconciliation for the "Total Revenues" line in Point II for the period of 6 months ended 30 June 2017.

Net Financial Debt: Gross financial debt less cash and other equivalent liquid assets, excluding accounting adjustments for the portion of the convertible bond treated as equity, arrangement expenses and accrued interest. Gross financial debt includes both non-current liabilities and current obligations for bonds and other negotiable securities and debt to lending institutions.

Capex: Investments made on assets for improvement and development that have meant a cash outflow during the year. Obtained from the investments in fixed and intangible assets and property investments shown on the statement of cash flows on the consolidated financial statements.

GOP (Gross operating profit): The gross operating profit obtained from EBITDA plus costs of leases and property taxes, as follows:

Conversion Rate: This measures the proportion of revenue that has been transferred to EBITDA. It is calculated by dividing the change in EBITDA by the change in total revenue.











B) Reconciliation of the APM to the most directly reconcilable item, subtotal or total in the financial statements:

The following significant APMs are contained in the Earnings Report from 26 July 2017:

I. ADR y RevPar

Earnings Report from 26 July 2017 details the cumulative evolution of RevPar and ADR in the following tables:

	NI	NH HOTEL GROUP REVPAR 6M 2017/2016										
	AVERAGI	E ROOMS	OC	CUPANC	Y %	ADR				REVPAR		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	% Var	2017	2016	% Var	2017	2016	% Var	
Spain & Portugal LFL & R	10.823	10.778	73,7%	69,6%	5,9%	92,6	83,9	10,3%	68,2	58,4	16,9%	
Total B.U. Spain	11.107	11.281	73,4%	69,4%	5,8%	92,1	83,3	10,6%	67,6	57,8	17,0%	
						=						
Italy LFL & R	6.965	7.028	68,3%	66,7%	2,4%	113,7	109,6	3,7%	77,6	73,1	6,2%	
Total B.U. Italy	7.142	7.549	68,3%	65,4%	4,4%	115,3	109,3	5,6%	78,8	71,4	10,2%	
Benelux LFL & R	8.428	8.089	69,0%	63,9%	8,0%	105,0	97,3	7,9%	72,4	62,2	16,5%	
Total B.U. Benelux	8.706	8.135	68,8%	63,8%	7,8%	105,2	97,4	8,0%	72,4	62,2	16,5%	
Central Europe LFL & R	12.069	12.423	71,2%	69,5%	2,6%	87,3	87,1	0,3%	62,2	60,5	2,8%	
Total B.U. Central Europe	12.069	12.628	71,2%	69,3%	2,8%	87,3	87,1	0,3%	62,2	60,4	3,1%	
Total Europe LFL & R	38.285	38.319	70,9%	67,8%	4,6%	97,3	92,3	5,4%	69,0	62,6	10,2%	
Total Europe & EEUU Consoli	39.023	39.593	70,8%	67,5%	4,9%	97,6	92,1	6,0%	69,1	62,1	11,2%	
Latinamerica LFL & R	5.225	5.194	61,8%	60,8%	1,6%	80,0	74,4	7,6%	49,4	45,2	9,3%	
Latinamerica Consolidated	5.346	5.194	60,6%	60,8%	-0,4%	80,0	74,4	7,5%	48,4	45,2	7,1%	
NH Hotels LFL & R	43.510	43.513	69,8%	67,0%	4,2%	95,4	90,3	5,7%	66,6	60,5	10,1%	
Total Consolidated	44.370	44.787	69,6%	66,7%	4,3%	95,7	90,2	6,1%	66,6	60,2	10,7%	

Below it is explained how the aforementioned data has been calculated:

		H1 2017	H1 2016
		€ million	€ million.
A	Room revenues	533.8	489.5
	Other revenues	230.4	225.5
	Revenues according to profit & loss statement	764.2	715.1
В	Thousands of room nights	5,578	5,427
A/B = C	ADR	95.7	90.2
D	Occupancy	69.6%	66.7%
C x D	RevPar	66.6	60.2









II. H1 INCOME STATEMENT 2017 AND 2016

The Earnings Report from 26 July 2017 breaks down the table entitled "Recurring hotel activity" obtained from the "Consolidated Income Statement" appearing in the same Earnings Report.

Below it has been provided a conciliation between the consolidated income statement and the abridged consolidated comprehensive income statements for the six months period.









Madrid, 26 July 2017

H1 2017

		Bardari Gardian		Financial				d-:	
		Reclasification according to the		Financial expenses			Scrapping and non	Claims, severance	P&L according to
	Incom e	Financial		for means			recurring	other non	the Financial
	Statements	Statements	Rebates	of payment	Oursourcing	Assets Disposal	depreciation	recurring	Statements
APM Total revenues	764.2	(764.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Revenues	-	760.8	(8.3)	-	-			-	752.5 Revenues
Other operating income	-	8.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.3 Other operating income
APM TOTAL REVENUES	764.2	4.9	(8.3)		-	-	-	-	760.8
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	-		-	-	-	11.8	(1.7)		10.1 Net gains on disposal of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	(260.9)	0.3	-	-	53.6			(4.2)	(211.3) Staff costs
APM Operating expenses	(242.7)	(110.2)	-	7.9	(53.6)	(0.9)	-	(3.2)	(402.7) Other operating expenses
Procurements		(46.0)	8.3		-			-	(37.7) Procurements
		-				-	-	-	
APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	260.6	(151.0)	-	7.9	-	10.9	(1.7)	(7.4)	119.3
A PM I are a new monte and monastratores	(157.5)	157.5							
APM Lease payments and property taxes APM EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS	(157.5)	6.5	-	7.9	-	10.9	- (1.7)	(7.4)	119.3
APM EBIIDA BEFOREONEROUS	103.1	0.5	-	7.9	-	10.9	(1.7)	(7.4)	119.3
APM Onerous contrate reversal provision	2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1 Variation in the provision for onerous contrates

APM EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	105.1	6.5	•	7.9	-	10.9	(1.7)		
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	-	1.9	-	-	-		(0.5)	-	1.4 Net Impairment losses
APM Depreciation	(53.8)	(1.9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(55.8) Depreciation
APM EBIT	51.3	6.5		7.9	-	10.9	(2.2)	(7.4)	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and liabilities and other	-		-	-	-	-	-		0.0 Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other
APM Interest expense	(29.5)	(1.0)	-	(7.9)	-	-	-	-	(38.5) Finance costs
Finance Income	-	1.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.2 Finance income
Change in fair value of financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.0) Change in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))		(6.0)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6.0) Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))
APM Income from minority equity interests	0.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0 Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the equity method
APM EBT	21.8	0.7	•	•	-	10.9	(2.2)	(7.4)	
APM Corporate Income Tax	(11.5)	(3.2)	-	-	-	•	-	-	(14.7) Income tax
APM Net Income before minorities	10.3	(2.5)	•	•	-	10.9	(2.2)	(7.4)	
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	•	0.3	-	-	-		-	-	0.3 Profit (loss) for the year form discontinued operations net of tax
APM NET INCOME before minorities	10.3	(2.2)	•	•	-	10.9	(2.2)	(7.4)	
APM Minority interests	(1.7)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.7) Non-controlling interests
APM Net Recurring Income	8.7	(2.2)	•	-	-	10.9	(2.2)		
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	9.9	(6.5)	-	-	-	(10.9)	-	7.4	
APM Other Non Recurring items	(10.9)	8.7	-	-	-	-	2.2		T (D . C . C
APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	7.6	•	•	·····	·	•	•	·	7.6 Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders







Madrid, 26 July 2017

H1 2016

				Financial				Claims, severance	
		Reclasification		expenses			Scrapping and non		P&L according to
	Income	according to the		for means			recurring	other non	the Financial
		Financial Statements	Rebates	of payment	Oursourcing	Assets Disposal	depreciation	recurring	Statements
APM Total revenues	715.1	(715.1)	-	-	-			-	
Revenues	-	710.7	(9.1)	-	-	-		-	701.6 Revenues
Other operating income	-	2.9	-	-	-	•	•	-	2.9 Other operating income
APM TOTAL REVENUES	715.1	(1.4)	(9.1)			•	•		704.6
			-	-	-			-	
Net gains on disposal of non-current assets	-		•	-	-	45.4	4 (4.0)		41.5 Net gains on disposal of non-current assets
APM Staff Cost	(254.4)	(1.2)	-	-	52.5			(8.6)	
APM Operating expenses	(234.1)	(110.3)	-	7.0	(52.5)	-	-	(5.9)	
Procurements		(40.7)	9.1	-	-	-	-	-	(31.6) Procurements
APM GROSS OPERATING PROFIT	226.5	(153.6)		7.0	-	45.4	(4.0)	(14.5)	106.9
		(22210)		. 40		7211	(410)	(172)	
APM Lease payments and property taxes	(153.5)	153.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	
APM EBITDA BEFORE ONEROUS	73.0	(0.1)	•	7.0	•	45.4	(4.0)	(14.5)	106.9
APM Onerous contrate reversal provision	3.0								3.0 Variation in the provision for one rous contrates
AFM Officious conflate reversal provision	5.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.5 Variation in the provision for obclous contracts
APM EBITDA AFTER ONEROUS	76.0	(0.1)	-	7.0	-	45.4	4 (4.0)	(14.5)	109.9
Net Profits/(Losses) from asset impairment	-	2.3	-	-	-	-	(2.7)	-	(0.3) Net Impairment losses
APM Depreciation	(49.6)	(2.3)	-	-	-	-	(2.5)	-	(54.5) Depreciation
APM EBIT	26.4	(0.1)	-	7.0	-	45.4	(9.1)	(14.5)	
Gains on financial assets and liabilities and liabilities and other	-	-		-	-	3.64	-	•	3.6 Gains on financial assets and liabilities and other
APM Interest expense	(24.0)	(2.4)	-	(7.0)	-	-	-	-	(33.3) Finance costs
Finance Income	-	1.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.9 Finance income
Change in fair value of financial instruments		(0.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.1) Change in fair value of financial instruments
Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))	-	(0.2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(0.2) Net exchange differences (Income/(Expense))
APM Income from minority equity interests	0.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.1 Profit (loss) from companies accounted for using the equity method
APM EBT	2.5	(0.8)		-	-	49.06	(9.12)	(14.5)	27.1 Profit (loss) before tax from continuing operations
APM Corporate Income Tax	(6.1)	(8.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14.5) Income tax
APM Net Income before minorities	(3.6)	(9.2)	-	•	-	49.06	(9.12)	(14.5)	12.6 Profit for the financial year - continuing
Profit/ (Loss) for the year from discontinued operations net of tax	•	(1.1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.0) Profit (loss) for the year form discontinued operations net of tax
APM NET INCOME before minorities	(3.6)	(10.3)	•	•	•	49.1	(9.1)	(14.5)	11.6 Profit for the financial year - continuing
APM Minority interests	(1.9)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1.9) Non-controlling interests
APMNet Recurring Income	(5.5)	(10.3)	-	-	-	49.06	(9.12)	(14.5)	9.7 Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders
APM Non Recurring EBITDA	34.5	0.0	-	-	-	(49.1)	-	14.5	
APM Other Non Recurring items	(19.3)	10.2	-	-	-	-	9.1	-	
APM NET INCOME including Non-Recurring	9.7	•	•	•	-	•	•	-	9.7 Profits for the year attibutable to Parent Company Shareholders







Madrid, 26 July 2017

III. DEBT AND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR 2017 AND 2016 III.1 Debt presented in the earnings report from 26 July 2017.

					Maturities			
	Limit	Available	Drawn	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Remainder	
Mortgage Loans	33,764	-	33,764	3,811	6,210	2,131	21,612	
Fixed rate	19,346	-	19,346	292	439	585	18,030	
Variable rate	14,418	-	14,418	3,519	5,771	1,546	3,582	
Subordinated Loan	40,000	-	40,000	-	-	-	40,000	
Variable rate	40,000	-	40,000	-	-	-	40,000	
Senior Secured Revolving Credit	250,000	250,000		-	-	-	-	
Variable rate	250,000	250,000	-	-	-	-	-	
Convertible Bonds	250,000	-	250,000	-	250,000	-	-	
Fixed rate	250,000	-	250,000	-	250,000	-	-	
Senior Secured Bonds maturing in 2019	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	
Fixed rate	100,000	-	100,000	-	-	100,000	-	
Senior Secured Bonds maturing in 2023	400,000	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	
Fixed rate	400,000	-	400,000	-	-	-	400,000	
Unsecured Loans	9,327	-	9,327	7,932	853	489	53	
Variable rate	9,327	-	9,327	7,932	853	489	53	
Bilateral Credit Facilities	60,941	53,755	7,186	7,186	-	-	-	
Variable rate	60,941	53,755	7,186	7,186	-	-	-	
Borrowings at 30/06/2017	1,144,032	303,755	840,277	18,929	257,063	102,620	461,665	
T	(0.200)		(0.200)		(0.200)			
Equity component of convertible bond	(8,388)	-	b (8,388)	(5.251)	(8,388)	(2.002)	(0.222)	
Arranging expenses	(22,321)	-	a (22,321)	(5,361)	(4,734)	(2,993)	(9,233)	
Accrued interests	6,916	-	c 6,916	6,916	-	-	-	
Total adjusted debt as of 30/06/2017	1,120,239	303,755	d 816,484	20,484	243,941	99,627	452,432	
Total adjusted debt as of 31/12/2016	1,181,208	308,908	861,816	25,459	241,379	249,645	345,333	

The above debt table has been obtained from the consolidated financial statements that have been filed.

III.2 Statement of cash flows included in the earnings report from 26 July 2017.

Net financial debt 30 June 2017 and 31 December 2016 has been obtained from the consolidated balance sheet at 30 June 2017 and from the consolidated financial statements for 31 December 2016 and is as follows:

	30/06/2017	31/12/2016	VAR.
Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements	726,624	763,637	
Bank borrowings according to financial statements	69,376	72,720	
Bank borrowings and debt instruments anD other marketable securities according to financial statements	796,000	836,357	
Debt instruments and other marketable securities according to financial statements	1,677	2,233	
Bank borrowings according to financial statements	18,807	23,226	
Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	20,484	25,459	
Total Bank borrowings and debt instruments ans other marketable securities according to financial statements	d 816,484	861,816	
Arrangement expenses	a 22,321	17,633	
Equity Portion convertible bond	b 8,388	11,276	
Borrowing costs	c (6,916)	(7,149)	
APM Gross debt	840,277	883,576	
Cash and cash equivalents according to financial statements	(114,532)	(136,733)	
APM Net Debt	B 725,745	A 746,843	(21,098)

The following chart reconciles the change in net financial debt shown in the earnings report from 26 July 2017:



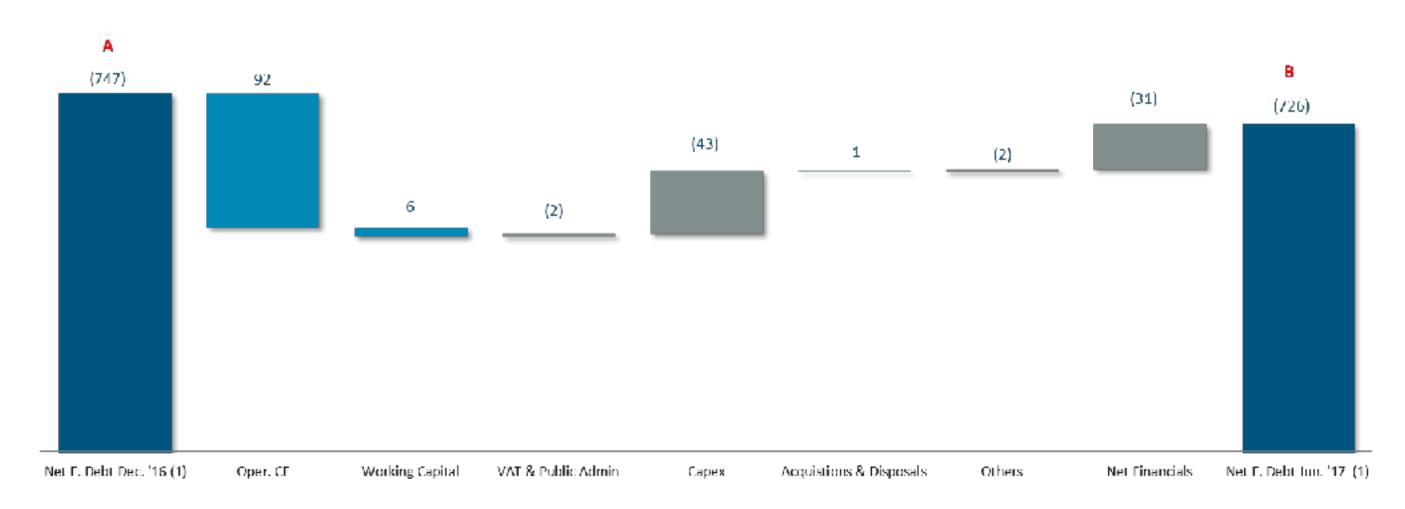






Madrid, 26 July 2017

H1 2017 Evolution of Net Financial Debt



To do so, it has been taken each heading from the statement of cash flows in the financial statements and shown the grouping:

	Operating cash		VAT & Public		Acquistions &			
	flow	Working capital	Admin	Capex	Disposals	Others	Net Financials	Total
Total	92.3	6.4	(1.9)	(43.1)	0.5	(2.0)	(31.0)	21.1
Adjusted profit (loss)	109.4							109.4
Income tax paid	(9.2)							(9.2)
Financial expenses for means of payments	(7.9)							(7.9)
(Increase)/Dec	rease in inventories	(0.1)						(0.1)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade debtors and other	accounts receivable	(2.9)						(2.9)
(Increase)/Decrease	e in trade payables	9.3						9.3
(Increase)/D	ecrease in VAT & p	ublic Administration	(1.9)					(1.9)
	Tangible and intang	ible assets and inve	stments in property	(43.1)				(43.1)
		Group c	ompanies, join vent	ures and associates	(20.2)			(20.2)
		Tangible and intang	ible assets and inve	stments in property	20.7			20.7
				(Increase)/Decrea	se in current assets	(0.2)		(0.2)
		(Incre	a se)/De creas e in pr	ovision for continge	ncies and expenses	(3.0)		(3.0)
					- Finance Leases	0.0		0.0
		Increase/(Dec	rease) in other non	current assets and li	a bilities and others	1.2		1.2
			Interests pai	d in debts and other	interests (without m	eans of payments)	(28.8)	(28.8)
						Dividends paid	(0.7)	(0.7)
				P	aid expesnes due to	the bond emission	(2.2)	(2.2)
						Finance Income	0.7	0.7

All of the aforementioned information has been obtained from the condensed consolidated statement of cash flows from 30 June 2017 which we include at the beginning of this document.

The aforementioned APMs have been defined and used from the standpoint of analysing the management of the business and the sector; the measures arising from the financial statements can be interpreted and are directly comparable to those of other groups in the sector and, therefore, APMs are not more relevant than the financial statements themselves. The earnings report, which includes the aforementioned APMs, is published at the end of each quarter to provide periodic information on the business' evolution and management to investors and analysts. In addition, half-yearly and annual financial statements are published complying with the filing requirements established in the applicable accounting regulations.









Madrid, 26 July 2017

Appendix II: Portfolio changes & Current portfolio

New Agreements, Openings and Exists:

Hotels Signed from 1st January to 30th June 2017

City/Country	Contract	# Rooms	Opening
Frankfurt / Germany	Renta	416	2020
Frankfurt / Germany	Renta	375	2021
Valencia / Spain	Gestión	47	2018
Total Signed	•	838	-

Hotels Opened from 1st January to 30th June 2017

Hotels	City / Country	Contract	# Rooms
NH Curitiba The Five	Curitiba / Brasil	Renta	180
NH San Luis Potosí	San Luis de Potosí / México	Gestión	110
NH Marseille Palm Beach	Marseille / Francia	Gestión	160
NH Shijiazhuang Financial Center	Shijiazhuang / China	Gestión	78
Total Openings			528

Hotels exiting from 1st January to 30th June 2017

Hotels	City / Country	Month	Contract	# Rooms
NH Brescia	Brescia / Italy	February	Lease	87
NH El Toro	Pamplona / Spain	March	Lease	65
NH Belagua	Barcelona / Spain	March	Lease	72
Total Exits				224





Madrid, 26 July 2017

HOTELS OPENED BY COUNTRY AT 30TH JUNE 2017

	COUNTRY	TOTAL		LEASED			OWNED		MANAGED		FRANCHISE	
BUSINESS UNIT		Hotels	Rooms	Call Option	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
			,		,	,		,	,	,	r	,
B.U. SPAIN	SPAIN	133	16,680	2	75	9,046	12	1,926	39	5,117	7	591
B.U. SPAIN	PORTUGAL	3	278	-	2	171	-	-	1	107	-	-
B.U. SPAIN	ANDORRA	1	60	-	-	-	-	-	1	60	-	-
B.U. ITALY	ITALY	51	7,904	1	34	5,395	13	1,880	4	629	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	HOLLAND	35	6,709	4	18	2,951	16	3,290	1	468	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	BELGIUM	11	1,619	-	3	502	8	1,117	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	FRANCE	3	557	-	2	397	-	-	1	160	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	ENGLAND	1	121	-	1	121	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	SOUTH AFRICA	1	198	-	1	198	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	LUXEMBOURG	1	148	1	1	148	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. CENTRAL EUROPE	GERMANY	58	10,365	5	53	9,365	5	1,000	-	-	-	_
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	AUSTRIA	6	1,183	1	6	1,183	-	-	-	-	-	_
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	SWITZERLAND	4	522	-	3	400	-	-	-	-	1	122
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	CZECH REPUBLIC	2	577	-	-	-	-	-	2	577	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	ROMANIA	2	161	-	1	83	-	-	1	78	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	HUNGARY	1	160	-	1	160	-	-	-	-	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	SLOVAQUIA	1	117	-	-	-	-	-	1	117	-	-
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL		1	93	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	93
B.U. EUROPA CENTRAL	UNITED STATES	1	242	-	-	-	1	242	-	-	-	-
	ARGENTINA	15	2,144	-	-	-	12	1,524	3	620	-	-
	BRASIL	1	180	-	1	180	-	-	-	-	-	-
	COLOMBIA	15	1,700	-	15	1,700	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CUBA	1	220	-	-	-	-	-	1	220	-	-
	CHILE	4	498	-	-	-	4	498	-	-	-	_
	DOMINICAN REPUBLIC	6	2,503	-	-	-	-	-	6	2,503	-	-
	ECUADOR	1	124	-	1	124	-	-	-	-	-	_
	HAITI	1	72	-	-	-	-	-	1	72	-	_
	MEXICO	14	2,263	-	4	581	4	685	6	997	-	_
	URUGUAY	1	136	-	-	-	1	136	-	-	-	_
	VENEZUELA	4	1,186	-	-	-	-	-	4	1,186	-	_
	CHINA	1	78	-	-	-	-	-	1	78	-	-
								45.555		45.000		
OPEN H	IOTELS	380	58,798	14	222	32,705	76	12,298	73	12,989	9	806





Madrid, 26 July 2017

SIGNED PROJECTS AS OF 30th JUNE 2017

After the latest negotiations and cancellation of signed projects, the following hotels and rooms are still to be opened:

	COUNTRY	TOTAL		LEASED		OWNED		MANAGED	
UNIDAD DE NEGOCIO		Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms	Hotels	Rooms
B.U. SPAIN	SPAIN	4	252	2	158	1	-	2	94
B.U. CENTRAL EUROPE	GERMANY	5	1,391	5	1,391	ı	-	-	-
B.U. CENTRAL EUROPE	AUSTRIA	1	144	1	144	ı	-	-	-
B.U. ITALY	ITALY	3	394	2	244	-	-	1	150
B.U. BENELUX	BELGIUM	1	180	1	180	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	FRANCE	2	317	2	317	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	NETHERLANDS	2	782	2	782	-	-	-	-
B.U. BENELUX	UK	1	190	-	-	-	-	1	190
B.U. AMERICAS	PERU	1	164	-	-	-	-	1	164
B.U. AMERICAS	PANAMA	2	283	1	83	1	200	-	-
B.U. AMERICAS	CHILE	3	361	-	-	-	-	3	361
B.U. AMERICAS	ARGENTINA	1	78	-	-	-	-	1	78
B.U. AMERICAS	MEXICO	5	664	3	390	-	-	2	274
TOTAL PROJECTS		31	5,200	19	3,689	1	200	11	1,311

Details of committed investment for the hotels indicated above by year of execution:

	2017	2018	2019	2020
Expected Investment (€ millions)	8.3	13.1	6.6	2.1





11H | HOTEL GROUP





nhow

Hesperia RESORTS